



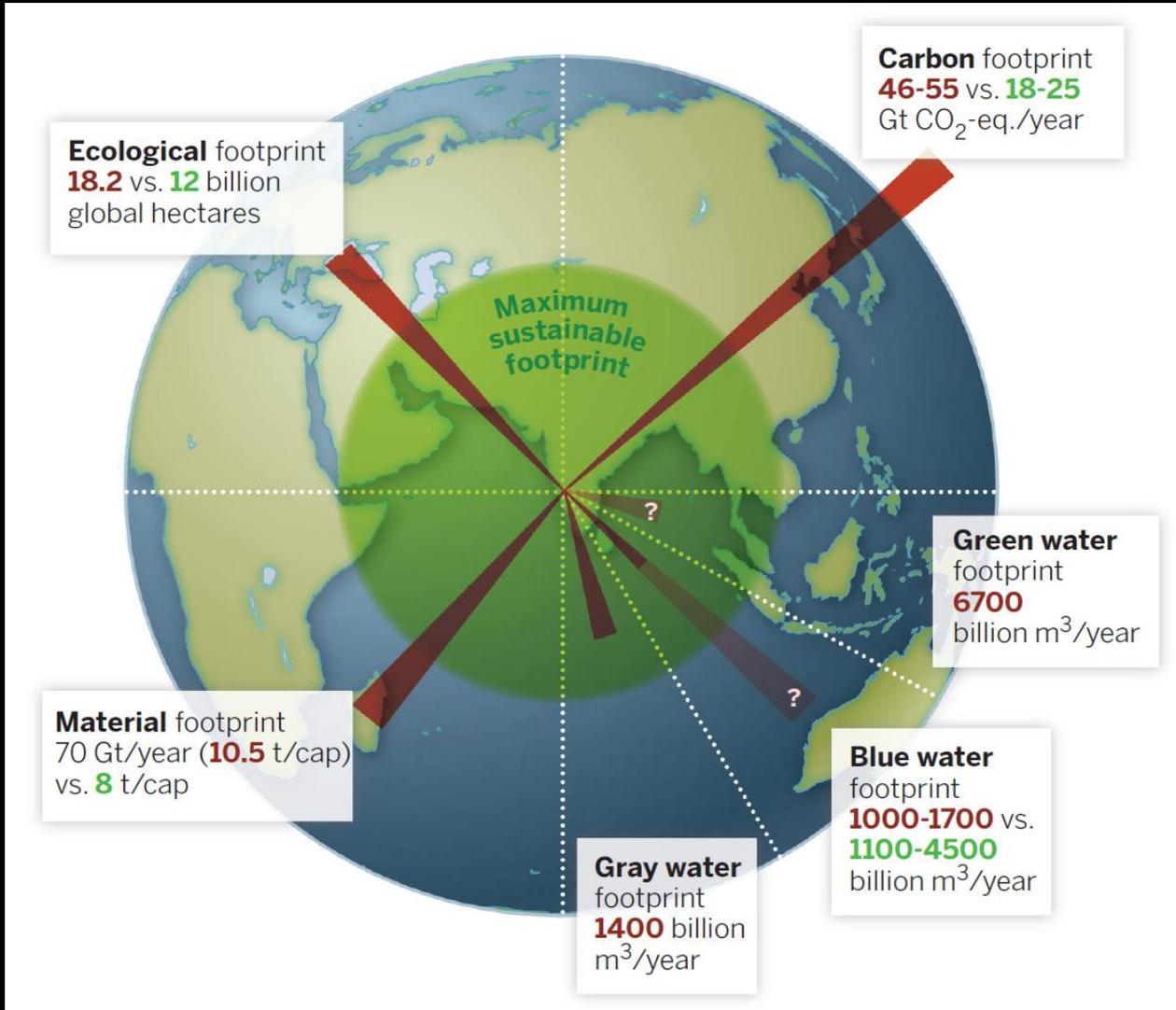
# Targets for a sustainable environmental footprint

**Arjen Hoekstra**  
[www.ayhoekstra.nl](http://www.ayhoekstra.nl)





# Humanity's unsustainable environmental footprint

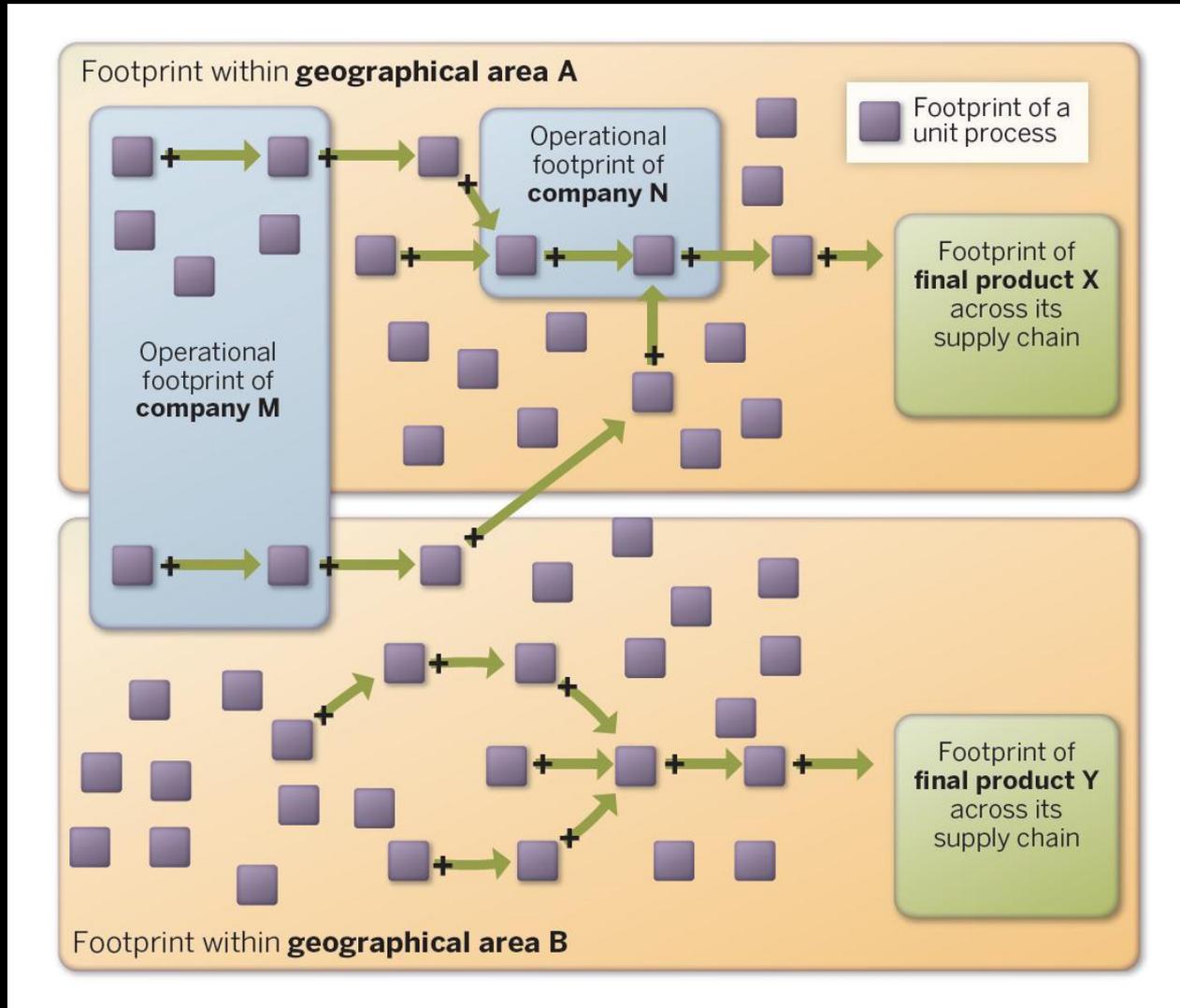


## Targets

- ▶ global / regional caps
- ▶ product benchmarks
- ▶ fair shares by community
- ▶ resource security

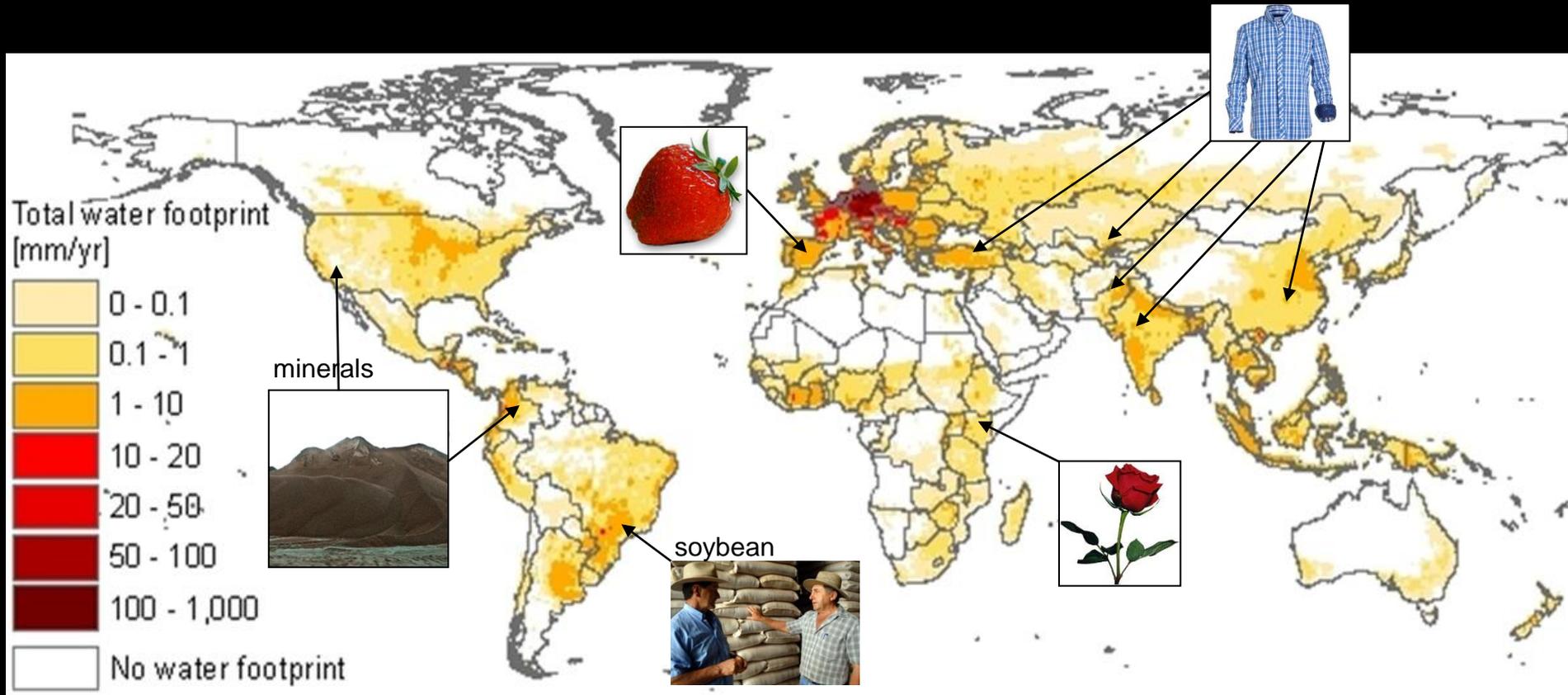


# Environmental footprint accounting over supply chains





# Global water footprint of German consumption



- 69% of Germany's water footprint is outside its own borders
- Germany ranks no.4 on list of largest net virtual water importers

# Cotton from the Aral Sea Basin, Central Asia



2008

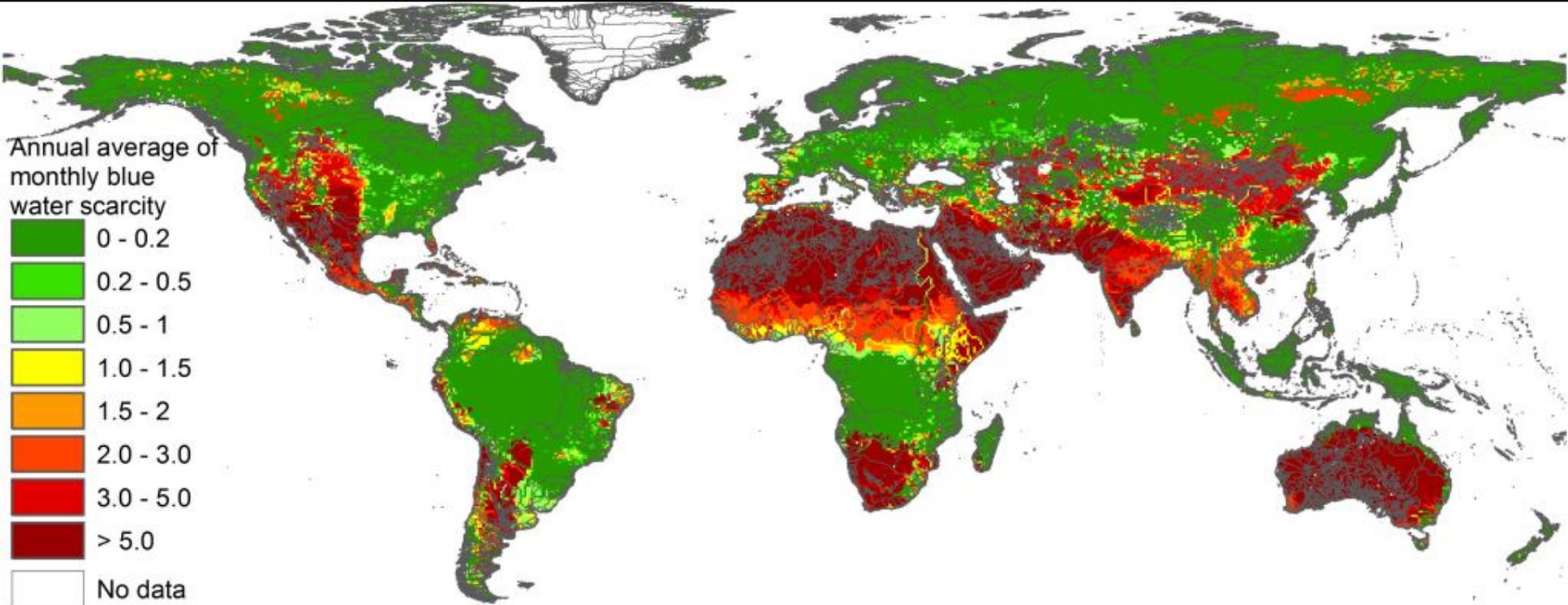
Source: NASA





# The water footprint of humanity: not sustainable

Blue water scarcity = blue water footprint / blue water availability

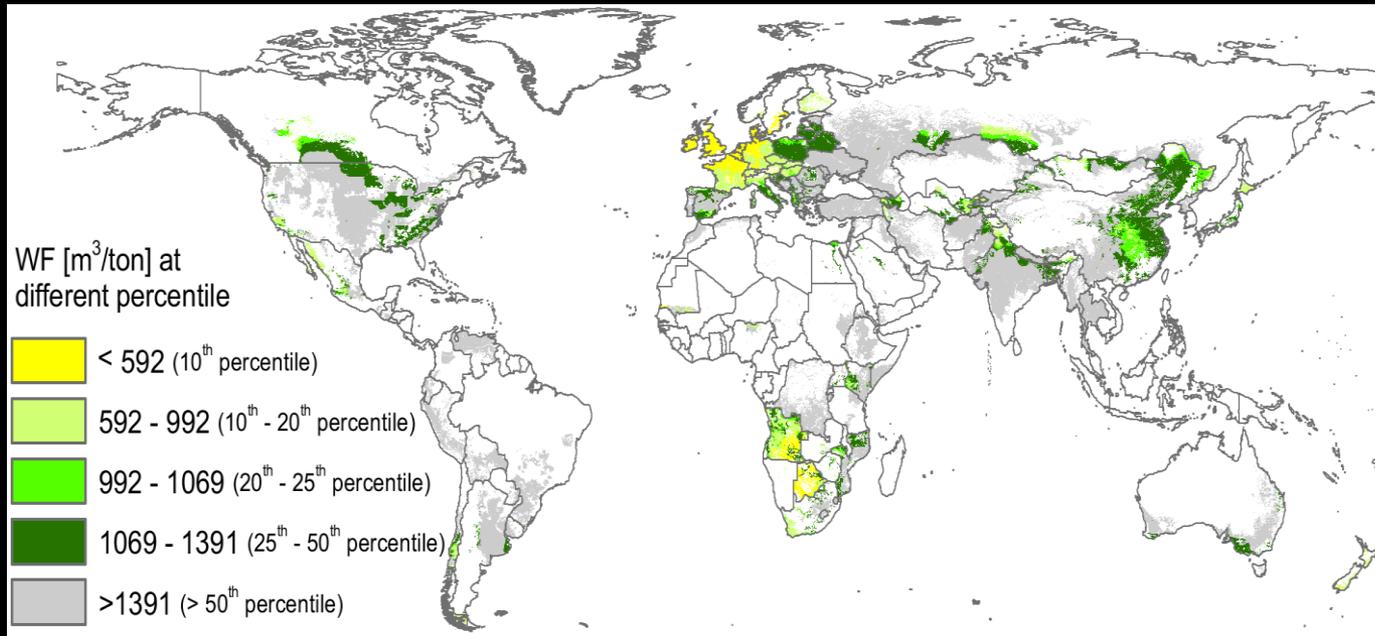


Source: Mekonnen & Hoekstra (2014)



# The water footprint of humanity: not efficient

Spatial differences in the water footprint of wheat

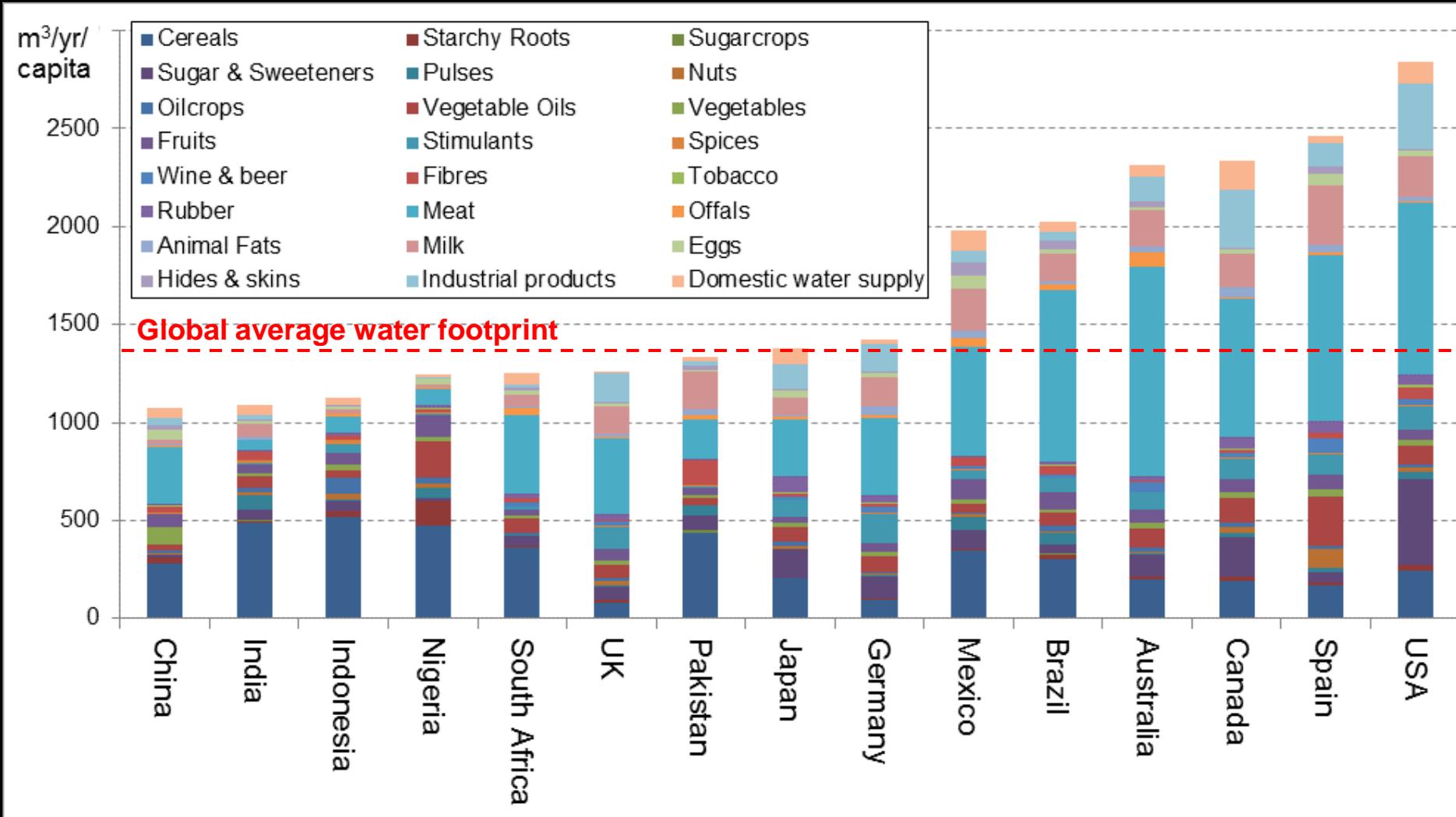


Source: Mekonnen & Hoekstra (2014)

Worldwide reduction of water footprints of crops to benchmark levels set by the best 25% of global production, would result in a **global water saving of 40%**.

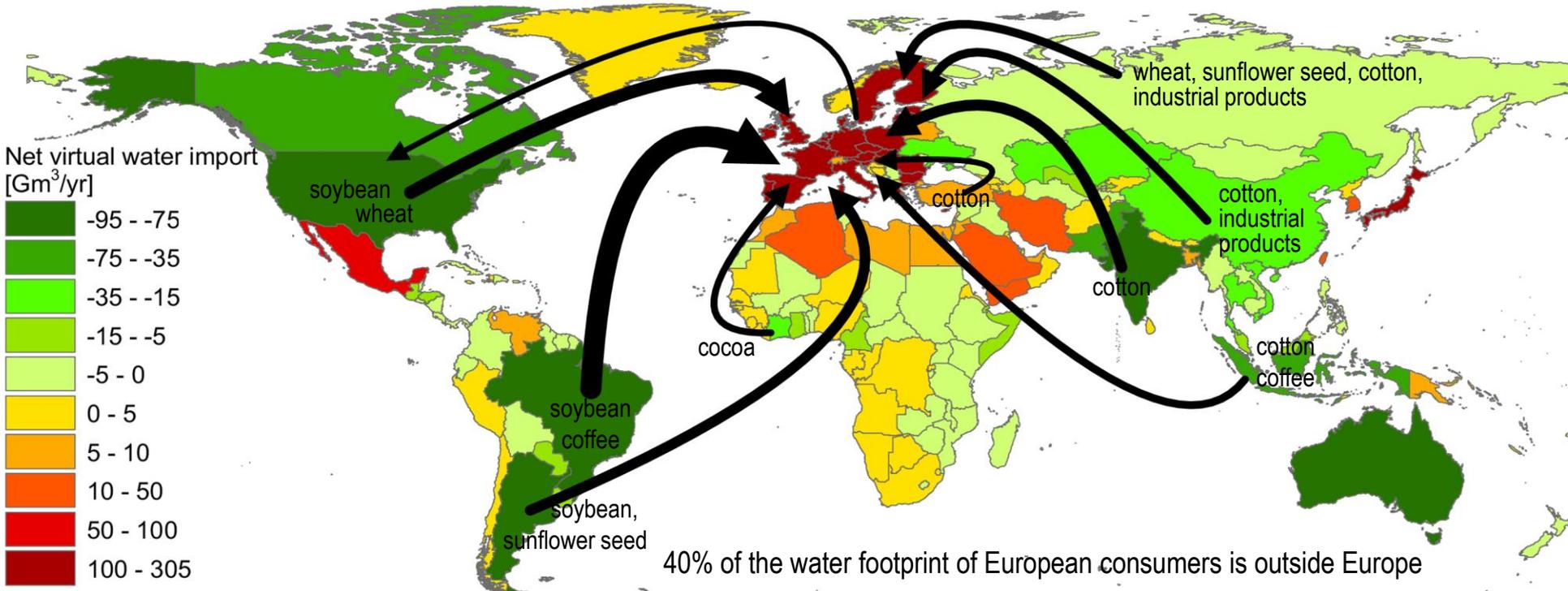


# The water footprint of humanity: not fairly distributed





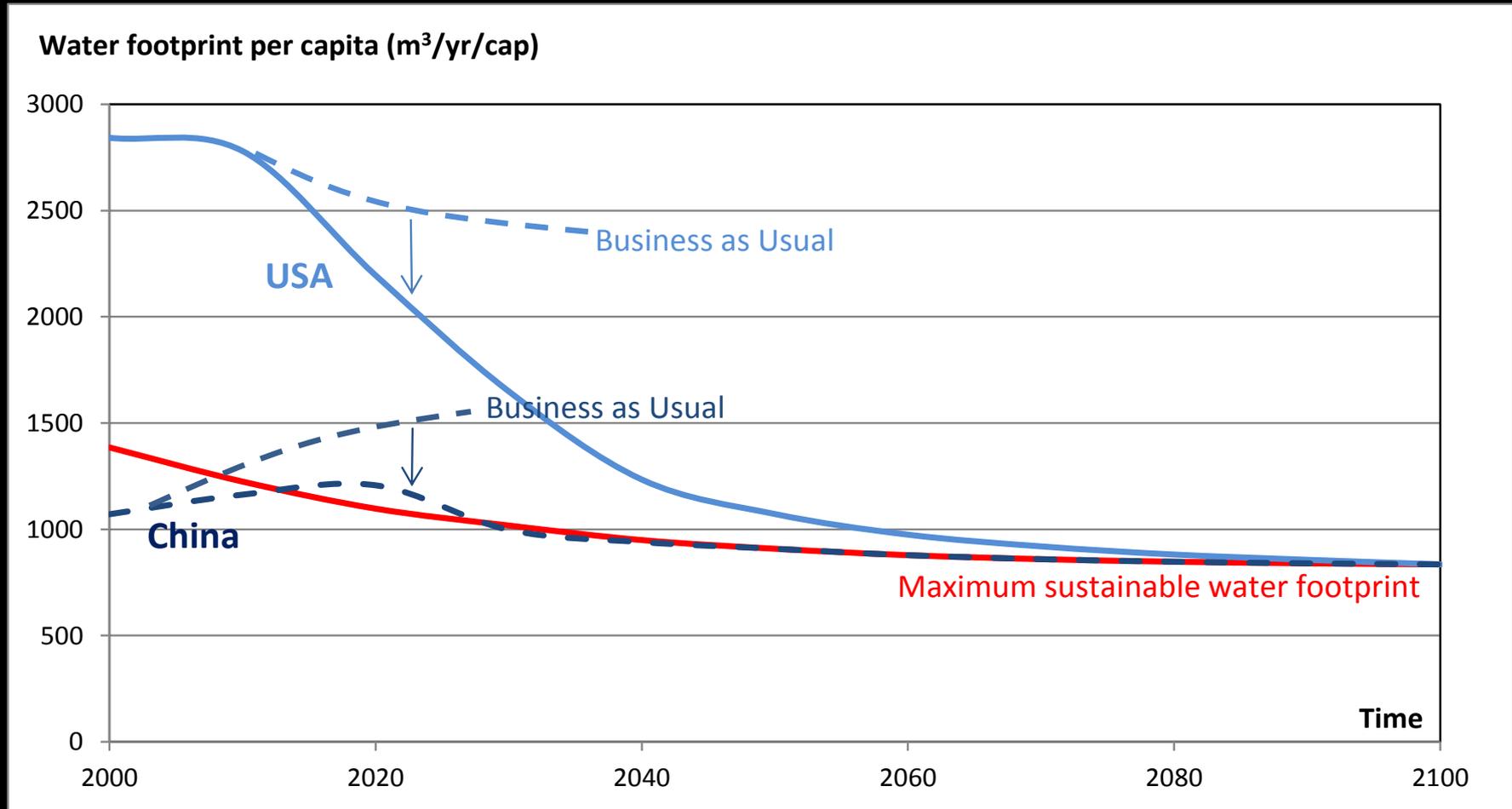
# Europe's external water footprint: not secure

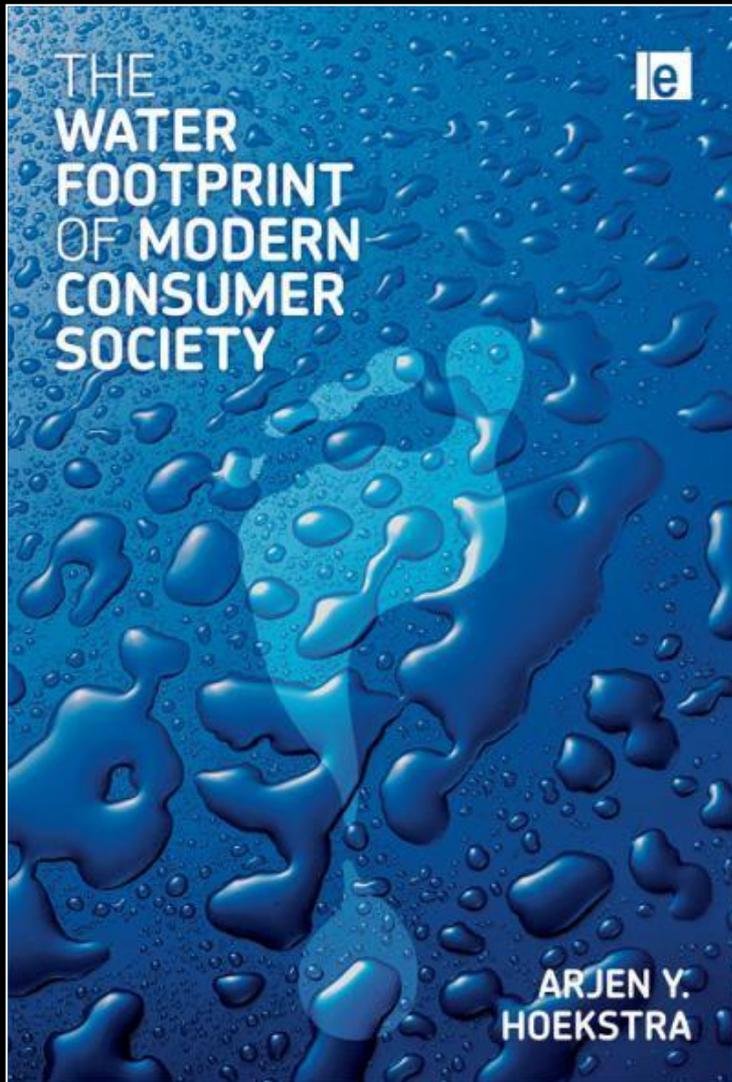


Source: Hoekstra & Mekonnen (2012) The Water Footprint of Humanity, PNAS



# The need for contraction and convergence





## Further reading

- ▶ Water for food, feed, fuel, fibre or flower
- ▶ Water footprint caps by river basin
- ▶ Water footprint benchmarks by product
- ▶ Fair water footprint shares by nation
- ▶ Water self-sufficiency by region

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