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# Investigating the links between climate, phenology and soils in a Mediterranean forest with the ForSAFE model

Héctor García-Gómez, Salim Belyazid, Giuliana Zanchi R. Alonso, I. González-Fernández, H. Pérez-Jordán, I. Rábago, R. Ruiz-Checa A.I. Cardona, M.A. Clavero, J.L. Garrido, M.G. Vivanco

Ciemat

Centro de Investigaciones Energéticas, Medioambientales y Tecnológicas







FINNOVACIÓN



#### With the support of:



VICEPRESIDENCIA CUARTA DEL GOBIERNO OBIERNO RA LA TRANSICIÓN ECOLÓGICA RETO DEMOGRÁFICO

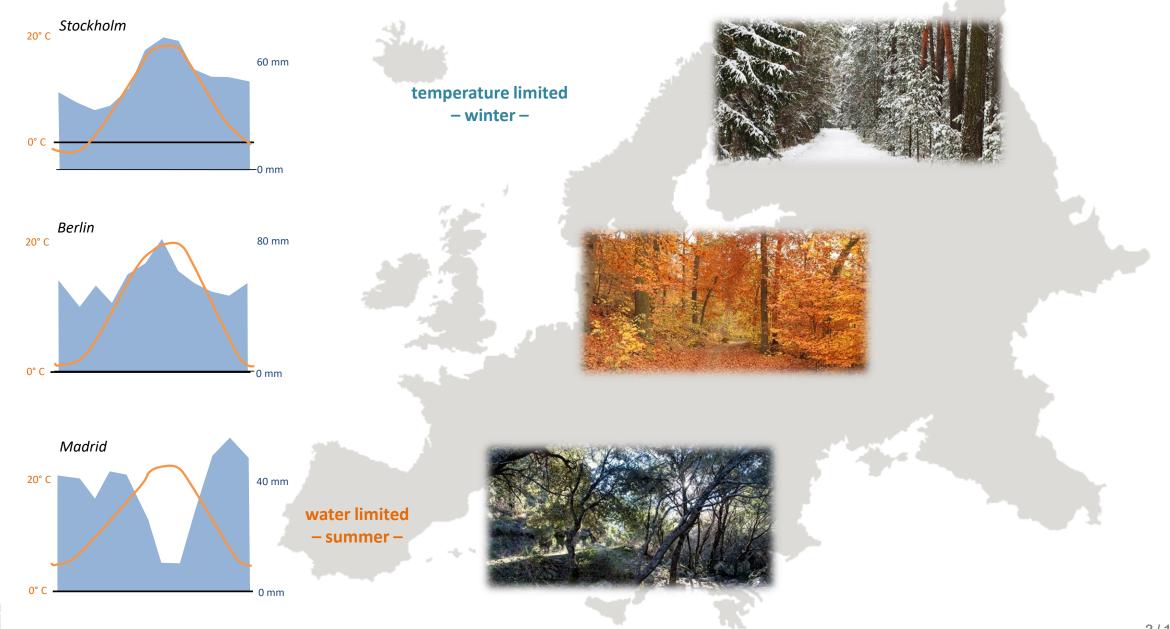


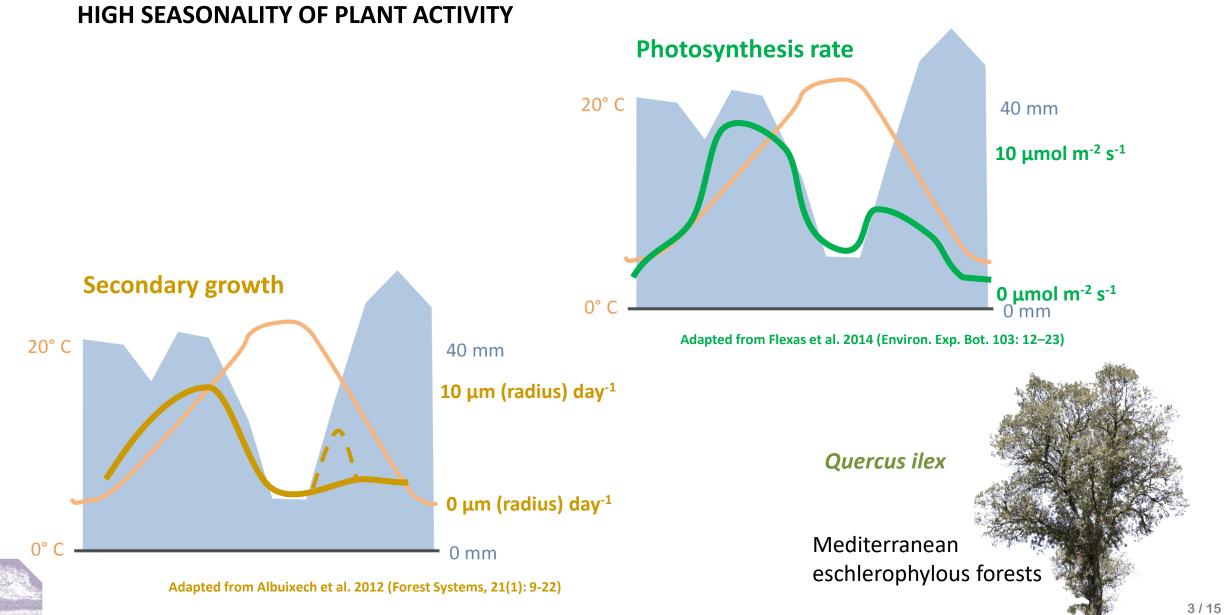


## **INTRO**

## **Key particularities for Mediterranean forests**

## Modeling Mediterranean and other water-limited ecosystem in Europe



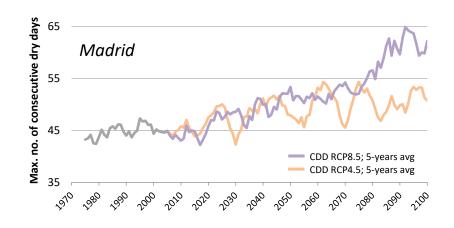


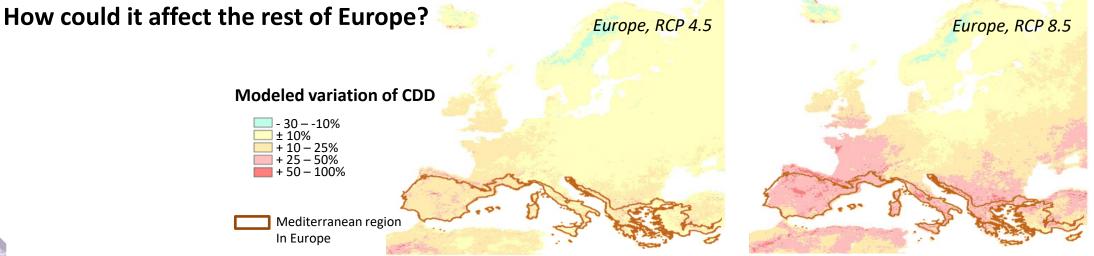
#### What can we expect in a context of climate change?

Max. lenght of consecutive dry days (CDD) 10 - 2020 - 4040 - 6060 - 8080 - 100> 100

**Climate change:** 

expected increase in lenght of dry periods



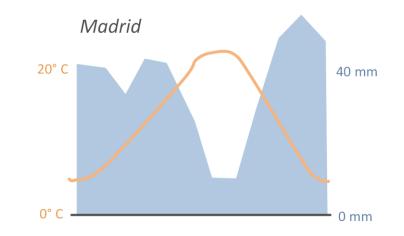


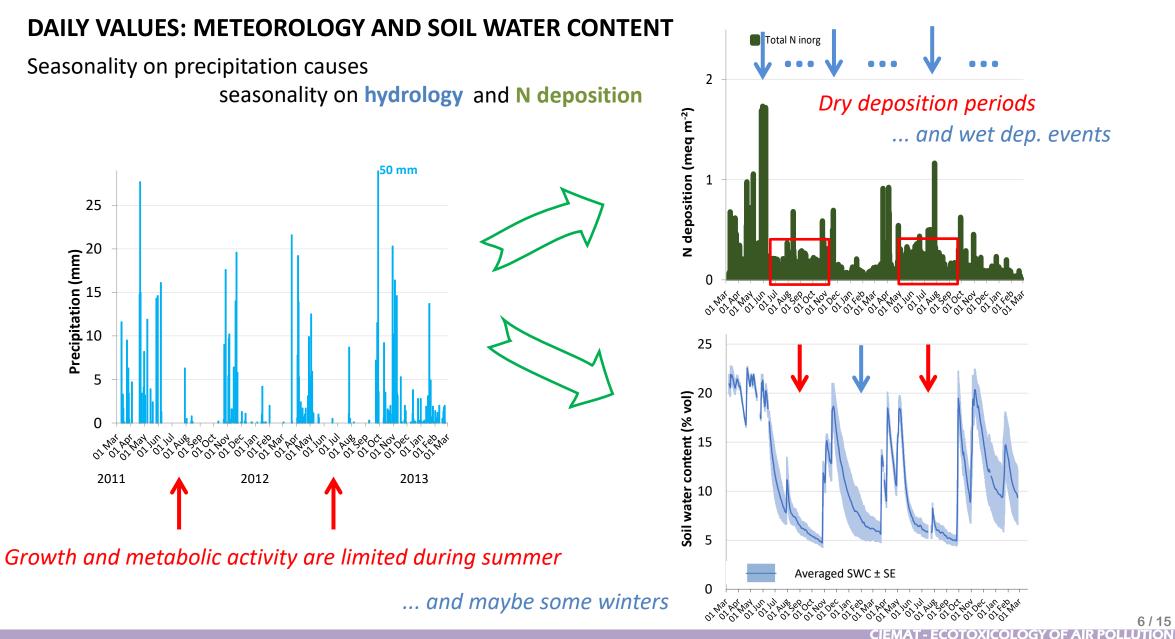


## EXPECTED EFFECTS OF PRECIPITATION SEASONALITY ON HYDROLOGY AND DEPOSITION

## **RESULTS BASED ON OBSERVATIONS [2011 - 2013]**

- *Quercus ilex open* forest (≈72% cover)
- Semi-arid Mediterranean climate (≈400 mm)
- Madrid region (central Spain)







# MODELED EFFECTS OF MEDITERANEAN SEASONALITY BASED ON FORSAFE 3.0 SIMULATIONS

Daily resolution simulations Parameterized for *Quercus ilex* Set-up for a highly conductive soil



#### **ForSAFE 3.0: newest components**

The integrated, self-contained model ForSAFE 3.0:

Daily time resolution

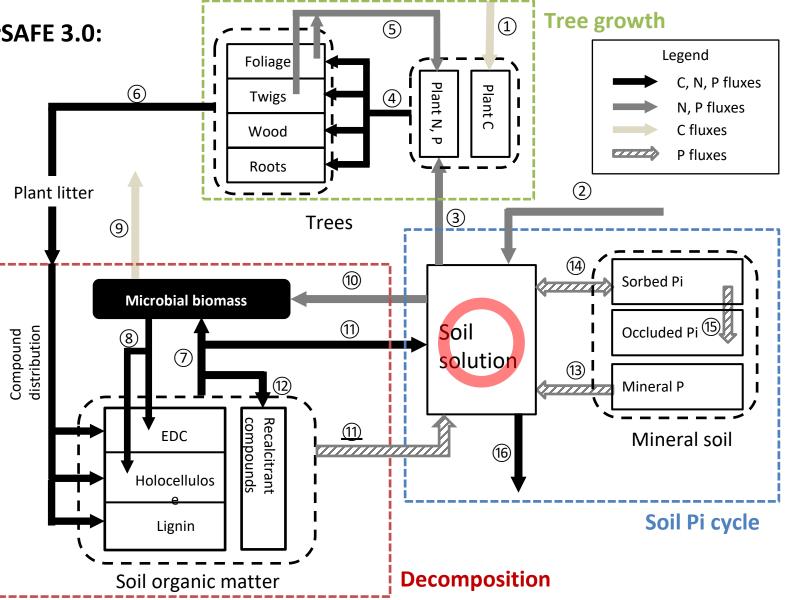
P cycle

## Trees:

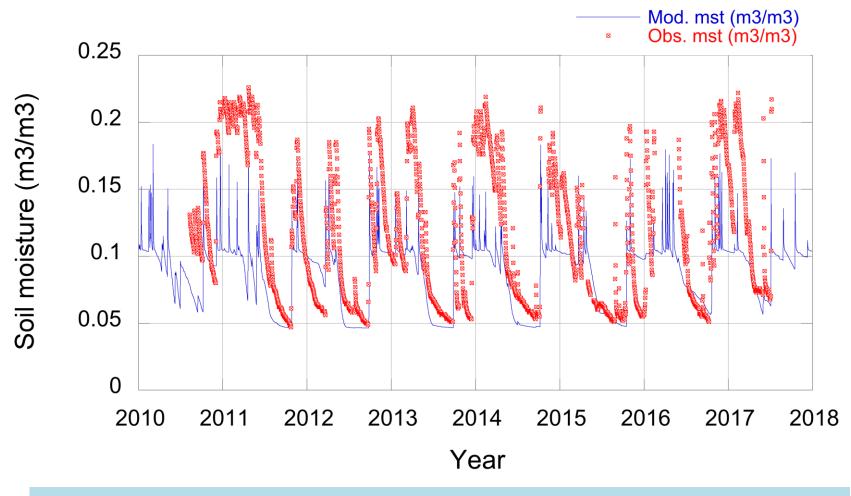
- Twigs and branches
- New phenology

## Soil:

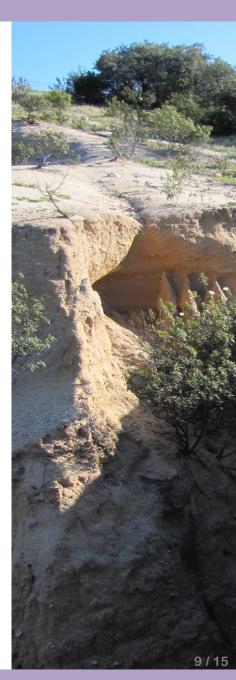
- Explicit simulation of soil microbial processes
- Improved hydrological processes
  - conductivity
  - lateral flow



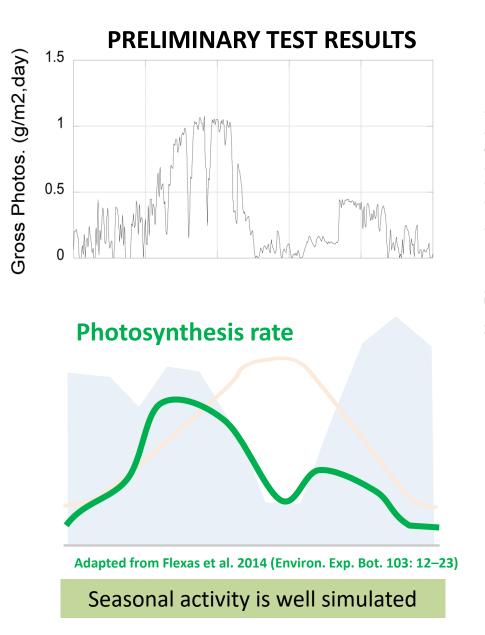
## **PRELIMINARY TEST RESULTS**

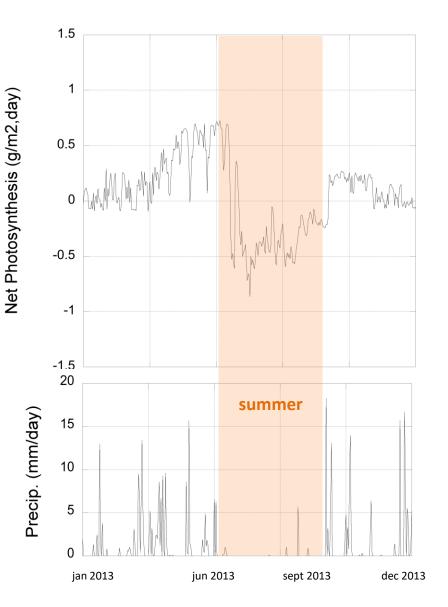


Depletion of water during dry periods is well captured by the model Periods of sustained high soil water content are not maintained in the simulation



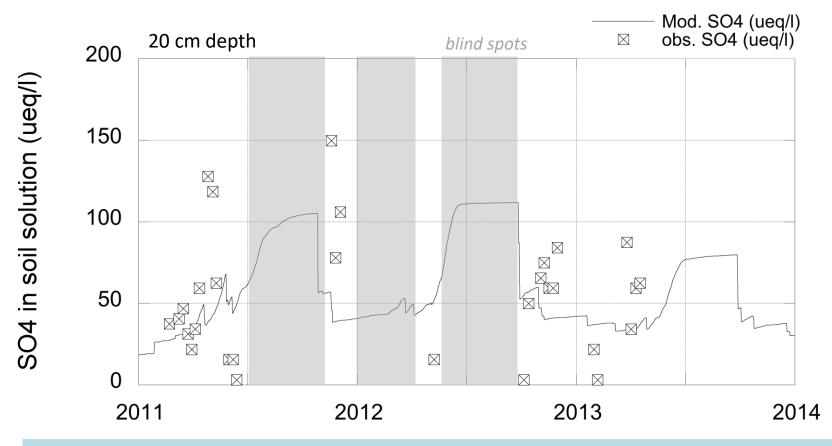
## **Can ForSAFE 3.0 simulate seasonality in tree phenology?**







## **PRELIMINARY TEST RESULTS**

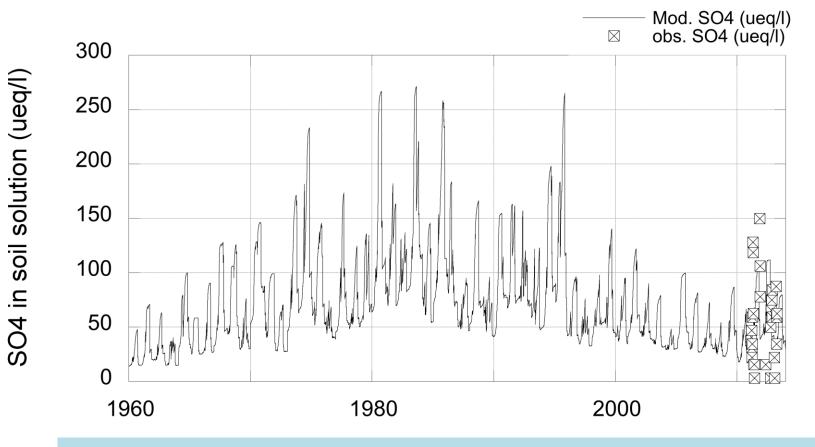


Seasonal (drought) concentration effect was captured Lowest and highest values (abrupt changes) were not well simulated

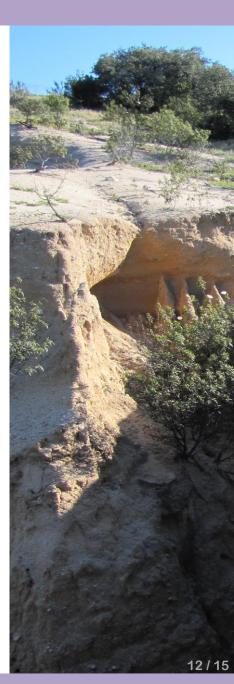


### Can ForSAFE 3.0 simulate seasonality in the chemistry of soil water?

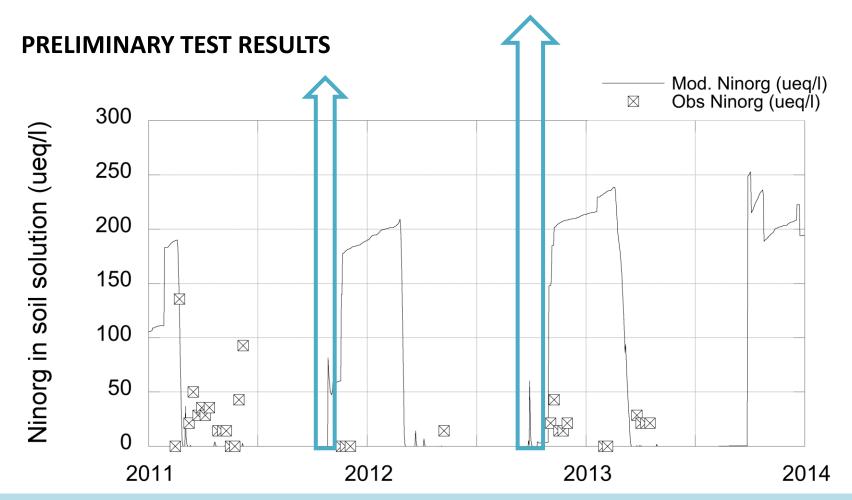
#### **PRELIMINARY TEST RESULTS**



Abrupt changes are not expressed by the model but concentration is in range



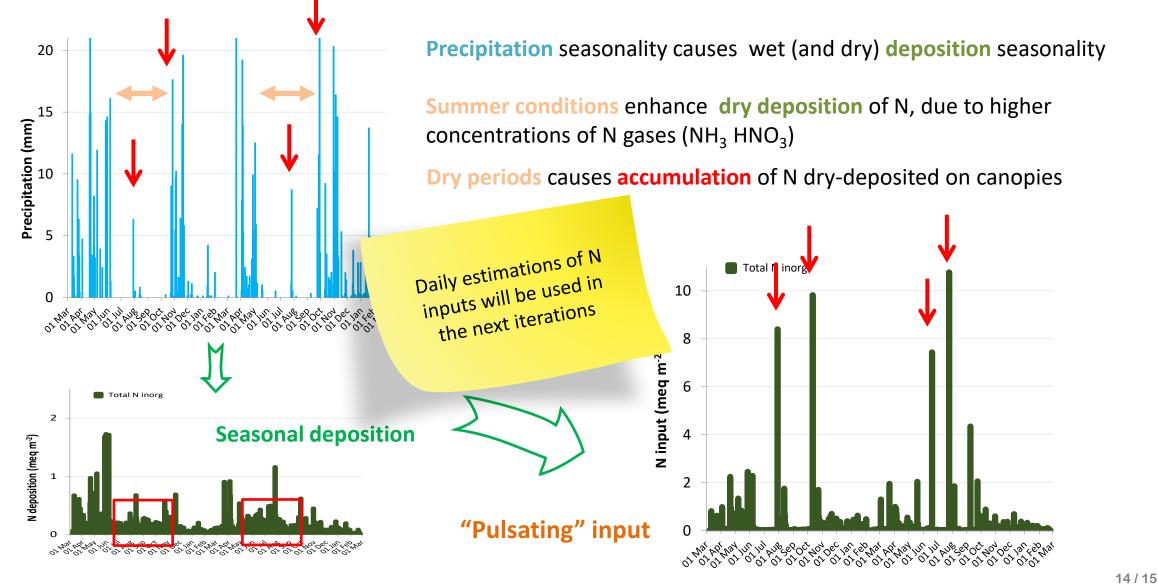
### Can ForSAFE 3.0 simulate seasonality in the chenistry of soil water?



In the simulation, N is only present during the **wet season**, and in higher concentrations than measured **Extremely high peaks** measured after drought seasons (not shown here) were not simulated

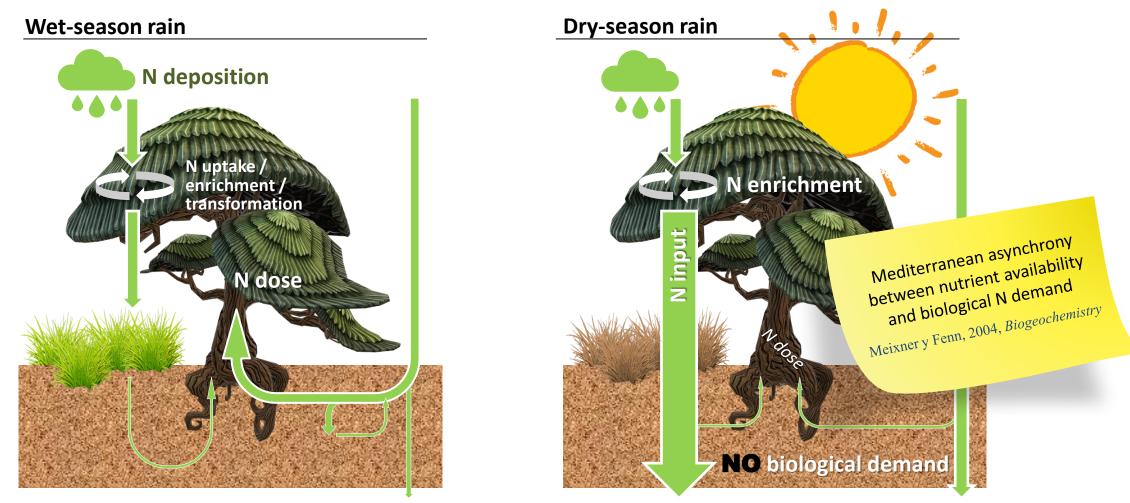
N deposition is distributed in rain by the model (internally)  $\rightarrow$  deposition occurs mainly during wet season, neglecting dry deposition importance and the peaks after drought periods





CIEMAT - ECOTOXICOLOGY OF AIR

We can use dynamic modeling at high temporal resolution to evaluate target or critical loads



In the dose-response relationship, Mediterranean conditions control the dose Terrestrial ecosystems: Dose < deposition ... Consequences of N peaks in soil water? Aquatic ecosystems: Dose > deposition (at large scales)





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