From People to People - The Self-Benefit of Crowdsourced Cycling Data as Part of the European Cycling Challenge



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About us



SRM is the local Authority for Public Transport in Bologna area.

SRM is also the inventor and the organizer of the European Cycling Challenge



The **European Cycling Challenge** is the biggest urban cyclists' team competition, which takes place every year May, 1-31.





PERSONA 02 DELLA LIS

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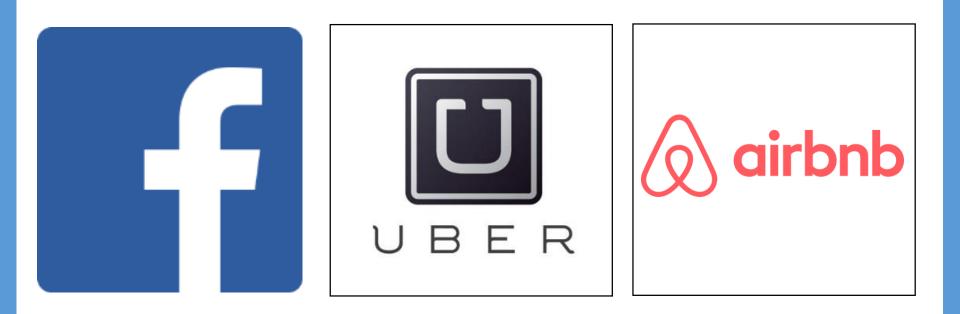




State of the art







Users can be «produsers»

In collaborative communities the creation of shared content takes place in a networked, participatory environment which breaks down the boundaries between producers and consumers and instead enables all participants to be users as well as producers of information and knowledge - frequently in a hybrid role of *produser* where usage is necessarily also productive. [produsage.org]







Being a produser of crowdsourced data



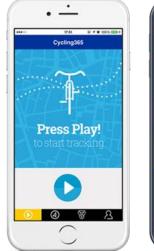






vcling365







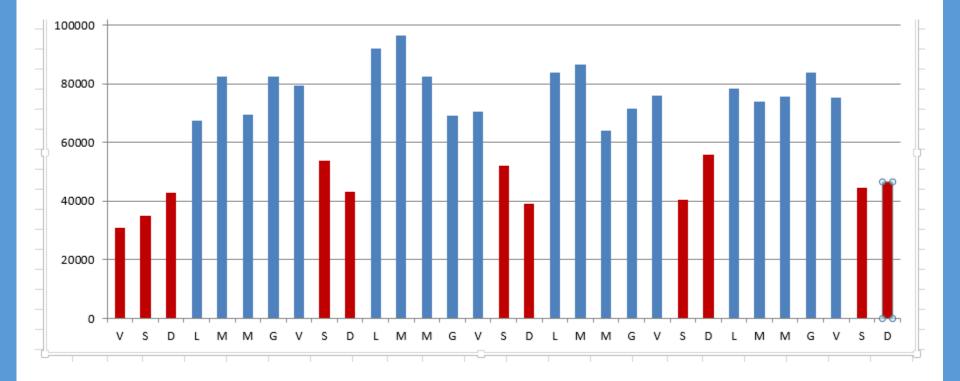


Bicycle + Smartphone = Data Bicycle + Smartphone + Competition = More data!





Distribution on a weekly basis



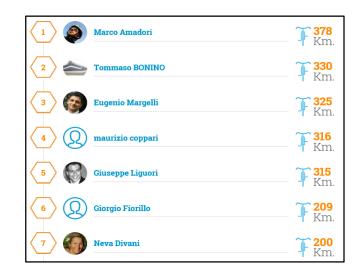






team competition, which will take place **from 1 to 31 May**. Join the Team of your City, track your journeys by bike with the **Cycling365 App** and challenge other European cities!





















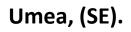
This kind of data

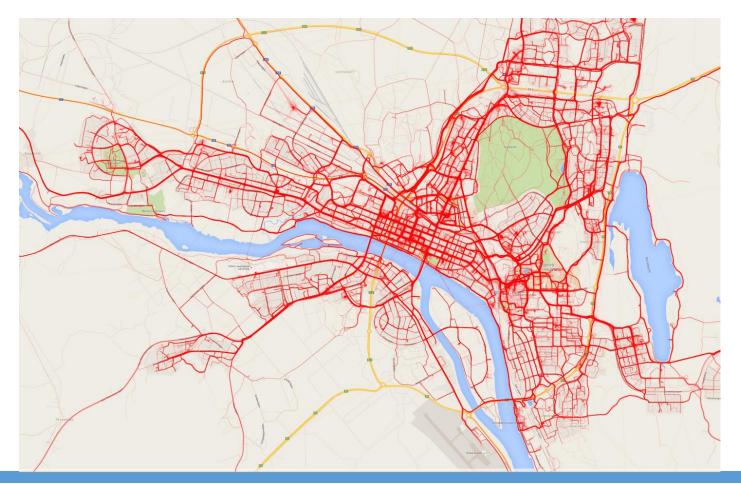
	Α	В	C	D	E	F	G	Н	1	J	K	L	М	N	0
1	TripID, Ti	meStamp	,Date, La	titude, Lon	gitude, Altit	ude, Distan	ce, Speed,	Туре							
2	5547b725	88c5378b	02d21093	3,143076360	4.1860456,"	Mon <mark>, 04</mark> Ma	y 2015 18:2	0:04 GMT	,44.483700	00000006	,11.348540	00000002,	0,0,0,mid		
3	5547b725	88c5378b	02d21093	3,143076361	4.651162,"N	lon, 04 May	2015 18:20	:14 GMT",	44.48272,11	L.34886,0,0	.111827584	40363613,	0,mid		
4	5547b725	88c5378b	02d21093	3,143076362	5.1162782,"	Mon, 04 Ma	y 2015 18:2	0:25 GMT	,44.482040	000000005	,11.349120	00000001,	0,0.078332	514782225	51,0,mid
5	5547b725	88c5378b	02d21093	3,143076363	5.5813944,"	Mon, 04 Ma	y 2015 18:2	0:35 GMT	',44.48114,1	1.3494900	00000001,0	,0.1042343	483546974	1,0,mid	
6	5547b725	88c5378b	02d21093	3,143076364	6.0465107,"	Mon, 04 Ma	y 2015 18:2	0:46 GMT'	',44.480770	00000001,1	1.3494000	00000001,0	,0.0417341	327032037	8,0,mid
7	5547b725	88c5378b	02d21093	3,143076365	6.511627,"N	lon, 04 May	2015 18:20	:56 GMT",	44.48055,11	1.34933,0,0	.025071423	251596964	l,0,mid		
8	5547b725	88c5378b	02d21093	3,143076366	6.9767432,"	Mon, 04 Ma	y 2015 18:2	1:06 GMT	,44.48055,1	1.34933,0,	0,0,mid				
9	5547b725	88c5378b	02d21093	3,143076367	7.4418595,"	Mon, 04 Ma	y 2015 18:2	1:17 GMT'	,44.479980	000000005	,11.34909,0	,0.0661430)117151696	9,0,mid	
10	5547b725	88c5378b	02d21093	3,143076368	7.9069757,"	Mon, 04 Ma	y 2015 18:2	1:27 GMT	,44.480030	000000006	,11.348880	000000001,	0,0.017554	407356578	833,0,mid
11	5547b725	88c5378b	02d21093	3,143076369	8.372092,"N	lon, 04 May	2015 18:21	.:38 GMT",	44.4803400	00000005,1	1.34829,0,	0.05809948	336041969	,0,mid	
12	5547b725	88c5378b	02d21093	3,143076370	8.8372083,"	Mon, 04 Ma	y 2015 18:2	1:48 GMT	,44.480430	000000005	,11.34806,0	,0.0207999	780121564	98,0,mid	
13	5547b725	88c5378b	02d21093	3,143076371	9.3023245,"	Mon, 04 Ma	y 2015 18:2	1:59 GMT'	,44.480500	00000006	,11.347760	000000001,	0,0.025027	576350443	34,0,mid
					9.7674408,"		•							3,0,mid	
15	5547b725	88c5378b	02d21093	3,143076374	0.232557,"N	1on, 04 May	2015 18:22	:20 GMT",	44.48057,11	1.34697,0,0	.031716952	284977524,	0,mid		
16	5547b725	88c5378b	02d21093	3,143076375	0.6976733,"	Mon, 04 Ma	y 2015 18:2	2:30 GMT	,44.48057,1	1.34688,0,	0.00713581	803320658	35,0,mid		
17	5547b725	88c5378b	02d21093	3,143076376	1.1627896,"	Mon, 04 Ma	y 2015 18:2	2:41 GMT'	',44.480700	00000006	,11.346490	000000001,	0,0.034132	356496029	77,0,mid
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19	5547b725	88c5378b	02d21093	3,143076378	2.093022,"N	lon, 04 May	2015 18:23	:02 GMT",	44.481,11.3	4589,0,0.0	3231074076	57093886,0	,mid		
20	5547b725	88c5378b	02d21093	3,143076379	2.5581384,"	Mon, 04 Ma	y 2015 18:2	3:12 GMT'	',44.481060	00000001,1	1.3457,0,0	.016475276	98040365,0),mid	
21	5547b725	88c5378b	02d21093	3,143076380	3.0232546,"	Mon, 04 Ma	y 2015 18:2	3:23 GMT	',44.481060	00000001,1	1.3457,0,0	,0,mid			
22	5547b725	88c5378b	02d21093	3,143076381	3.488371,"N	1on, 04 May	2015 18:23	:33 GMT",	44.4810800	00000006,1	1.3455500	0000001,0	,0.0120997	401808780	91,0,mid

In Bologna, in May 2016 16,830 trips tracked - 4,395,204 points collected -119,337 km tracked





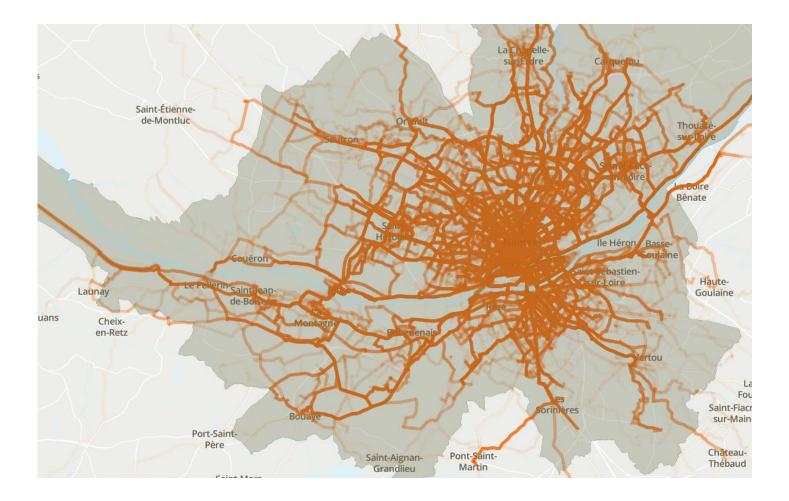








Nantes (FR).







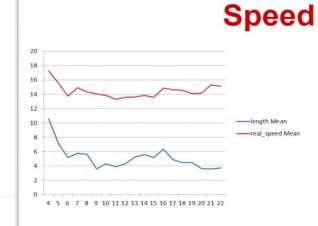
Bologna (downtown), 2015 Vs. 2016.







Distribution of trips, average speed and distance in Antwerp (BE), 2015



	Distance	Speed
	(mean)	(mean)
4	11	17
5	7	16
6	5	14
7	6	15
8	6	14
9	4	14
10	4	14
11	4	13
12	4	14
		14
		14
		14
		15
		15
		15
		14
		14
		15
22	4	15
	5 6 7 8 9 10 11	(mean) 4 11 5 7 6 55 7 6 8 6 9 4 10 4 11 4 12 4 11 4 12 4 13 55 14 6 15 5 16 6 17 5 18 4 19 4 20 4 21 4

Dag x uur

	Maandag	Dinsdag	Woensdag	Donderdag	Vrijdag	Zaterdag	Zondag	TRIPS OU
0	0	0	0	3	4	2	6	ARE SHO
1	0	0	1	1	3	2	2	
2	1	0	2	0	0	3	2	
3	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	MAIN SPE
4	7	11	7	10	2	1	1	
5	27	35	30	23	27	0	1	Cycling policy
6	50	60	65	59	47	2	0	
7	27	51	49	37	40	10	9	
8	48	54	71	53	59	18	20	
9	25	23	36	30	26	18	29	
10	15	24	33	21	37	29	25	
11	26	31	32	22	20	34	16	
12	24	24	31	27	21	24	25	
13	24	28	25	31	24	25	26	
14	45	51	49	44	50	21	19	
15	58	61	53	53	45	16	25	
16	55	50	53	51	46	11	10	
17	43	53	52	56	41	19	16	
18	34	28	36	35	18	21	16	
19	10	29	23	21	15	9	7	
20	8	22	20	23	16	4	6	
21	7	11	9	9	10	8	5	
22	5	11	9	5	5	4	10	
23	2	5	2	6	3	2	3	
Cycling policy			U	rban <u>development</u>				* A {

RIPS OUTSIDE HOMEWORK TRAVEL HOURS RE SHORTER

THE EARLY BIRDS CYCLE FASTER

MAIN SPEEDS ARE QUITE STABIL

Urban development

:A:







Average distances per city or country (e.g. Italian cities comparison), 2015

Città	Paese	Popolazione	Distanze medie
Klaipeda	Lithuania	157.350	10,9
Gdynia	Poland	247.821	10,6
Çankaya Belediyesi	Turkey	914.500	10,6
Telšiai	Lithuania	57.700	10,3
Warsaw	Polonia	1.724.404	10,0
Gdansk	Poland	461.531	9,6
Kaunas	Lithuania	304.100	9,6
Algarve	Portugal	451.006	9,4
Nicosia	Cyprus	430.616	9,1
Tallinn	Estonia	435.551	8,5
Cagliari	Italy	149.576	8,1
Bristol	UK	432.500	7,8
Lodz	Poland	715.360	7,8
Napoli	Italy	1.061.644	7,7
Roma	Italy	2.869.461	7,6
Wrocław	Poland	632.067	7,5
Zagreb	Croatia	779.145	7,0
Barcelona	Spain	1.602.000	7,0
Dubvrovnik	Croatia	122.870	6,8
Aalborg	Denmark	130.853	6,1
Lille Métropole	France	1.120.000	6,0
Antwerp	Belgium	502.604	5,6
Savona	Italy	94.539	5,5
Lycksele	Sweden	12.270	5,5
Nantes Métropole	France	579.802	5,2
Växjö	Sweden	86.970	5,1
Umeå	Sweden	119.613	5,1
Padova	Italy	214.125	5,0
Bologna	Italy	386.298	4,9
Gaevleborg Region	Sweden	276.323	4,7
Bergslagen	Sweden	55.959	4,7
Örebro	Sweden	142.618	4,7
Östersund	Sweden	60.495	4,6
Brescia	Italy	194.308	4,1
Tartu	Estonia	98.000	4,0
Reggio Emilia	Italy	171.655	3,5

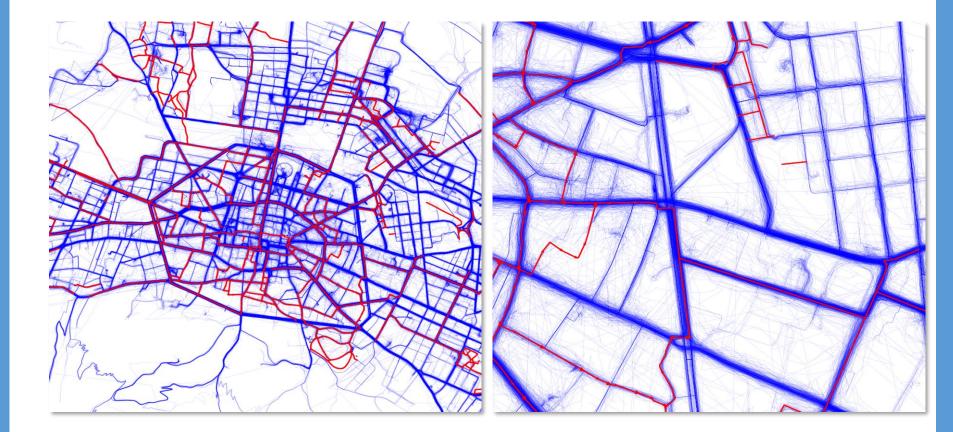








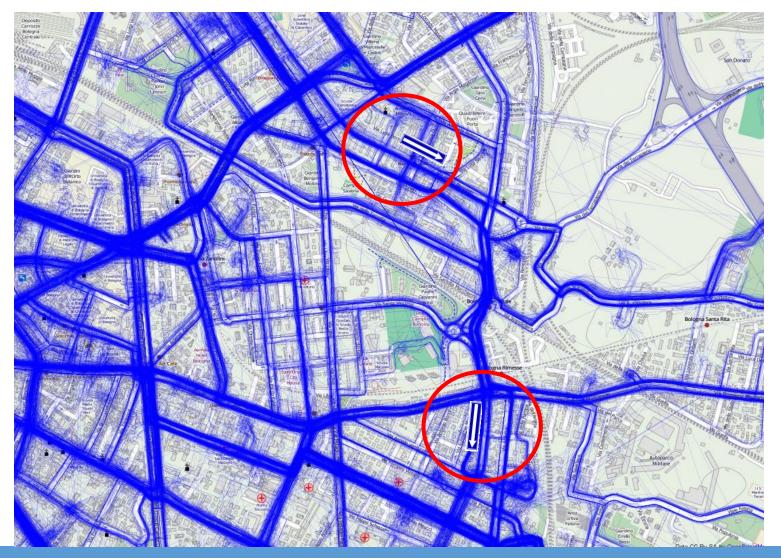
Cycle Tracks Vs. Actual Behaviour







Riding against traffic





mobilità

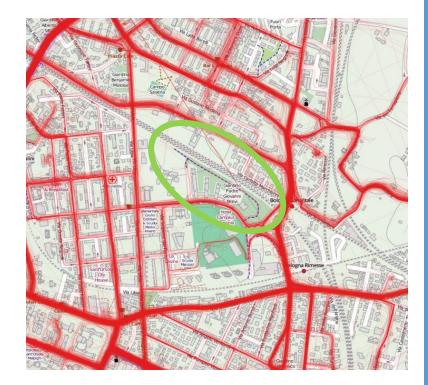
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ROMA



Useless Cycle tracks'









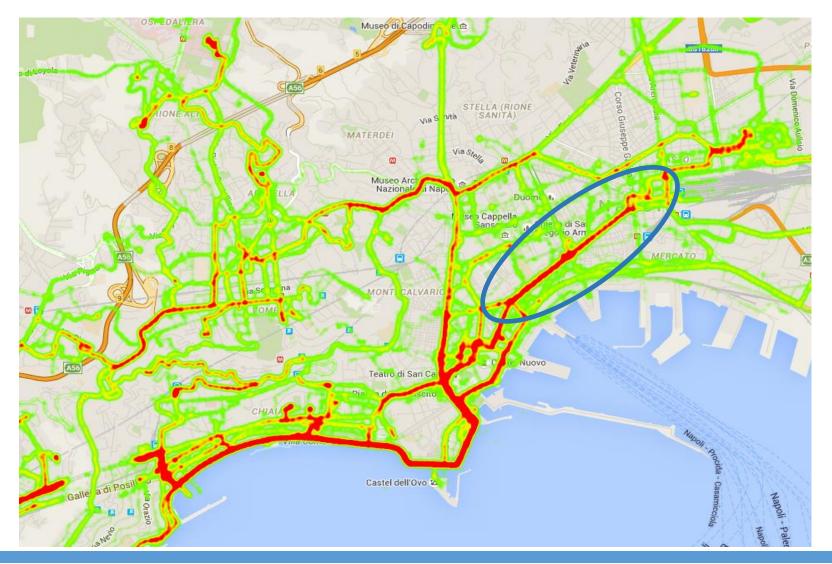
Detailed Studies on Specific Paths and Behaviours







Validation of Corridors – Naples, 2015







Reshaping of Corridors – Naples, 2015



Corso Umberto

La Giunta Comunale di Napoli ha approvato lo studio di fattibilità per la STORIE CORRELATE

riqualificazione di corso Umberto. Lo studio punta ad adeguare la mobilità pedonale della zona, che ha forte vocazione commerciale, e tiene conto della presenza di varie sedi Universitarie e delle stazioni "Garibaldi" e "Universita" della linea metropolitana 1.

Il monitoraggio della mobilità ciclistica in città, effettuato nell'ambito dello "European Cycling Challenge 2015" ha evidenziato che la tratta compresa tra l' Universita' degli Studi e la Stazione centrale, e' la tratta stradale piu' utilizzata per gli spostamenti in bicicletta.



"Pista ciclabile sul corso Umberto": l'annuncio del Comune

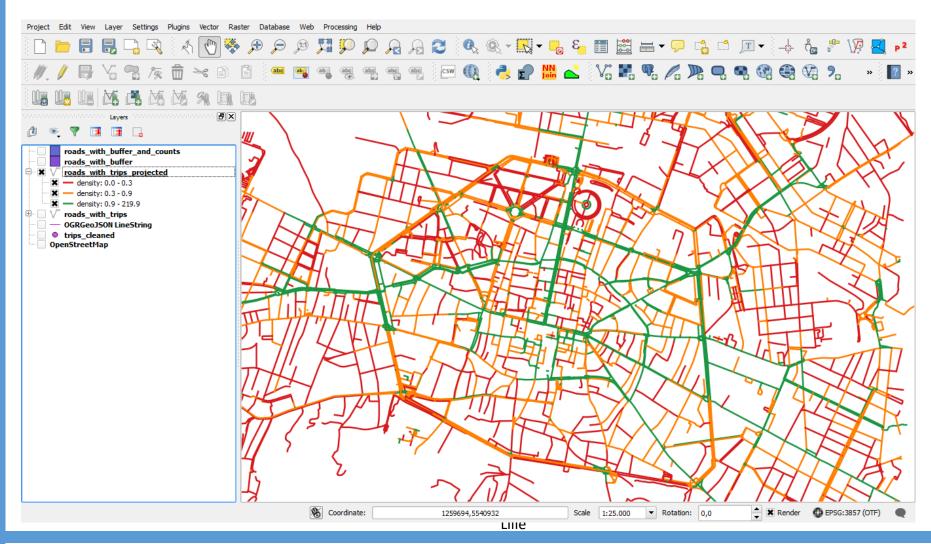
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Studies on the Level of Service

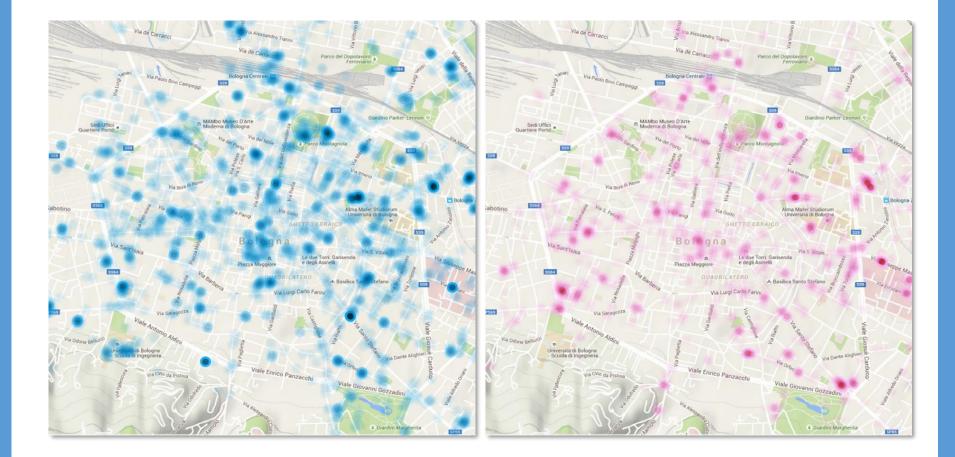




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Origins – Destinations (Male/Female), Bologna 2015







Use Case 1 in Bologna: New Bike Racks Locations







Sources

- an activity-based approach

- a safety analysis

- a behavioural analysis

- an on-site behavioural/safety analysis

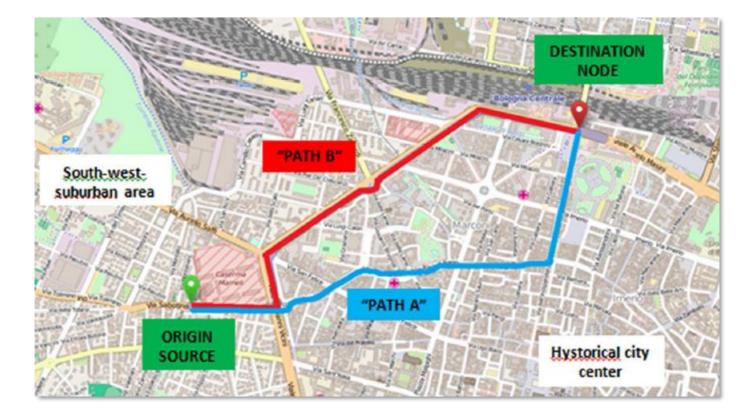












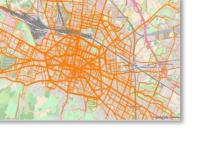




The activity-based approach

- The sample considered in the use case is composed of 456 cyclists, 29.8% females and 70.2% males. Average age for males is 43.96 years, while for females is 40.24.
- Specifically, 114 trips have been counted on the "Path A" and 342 on the "Path B".
- GPS tracks directionality was also considered, in order to process the analysis of the route on a single way (infrastructural features are different for each way), resulting more significant for the investigation of users' behaviour.







The safety analysis

The two cycling paths have been reviewed by a checklist for technical analysis, according to the concept of Road Safety Review (RSR) and Road Safety Audit (RSA), which are specific frameworks for road infrastructures evaluation (Italian Ministry of Infrastructure and Transport, 2001).

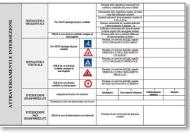
Basic requirements investigated are:

- continuity of paths
- disruptions or unsafe discontinuities
- protection of users at intersections
- good maintenance.









The behavioural analysis

- Interviews to cyclists (February 2016)
- 50 users per path
- Three main headings
 - Users' information and habits
 - General data about the trip
 - Specific data about the path (perception of quality, safety level, cycling performance, etc.)







The on-site behavioural/safety analysis

- To identify critical features of the exclusive cycling path ("path B").
- ASL Mobile Eye-XG system, one camera recorded the pupil position of participant' right eye and the other camera recorded the environment scene seen by the cyclist.
- GPS tracker installed on bike
- 2.1 Km of experiment









Results:

- A thorough study on users' behaviour
- A complete assessment of infrastructures' quality
- A deep knowledge on safety perception

But above all:

An exhaustive "bike lane safety review", that if exploited by policy makers as a best practice, would help public administrations in facilitating safer cycle paths and encouraging cycling mobility.











About us



Roma Servizi per la Mobilita (RSM) is the mobility agency for the City of Rome, supporting the city's mobility department in developing policies aimed at reducing the impact of traffic and moving towards a sustainable mobility system.

RSM coordinates and manages both private and public mobility, logistics, infrastructure and services in Rome.

RSM is a partner of the P.A.S.T.A project





Postcards from Rome

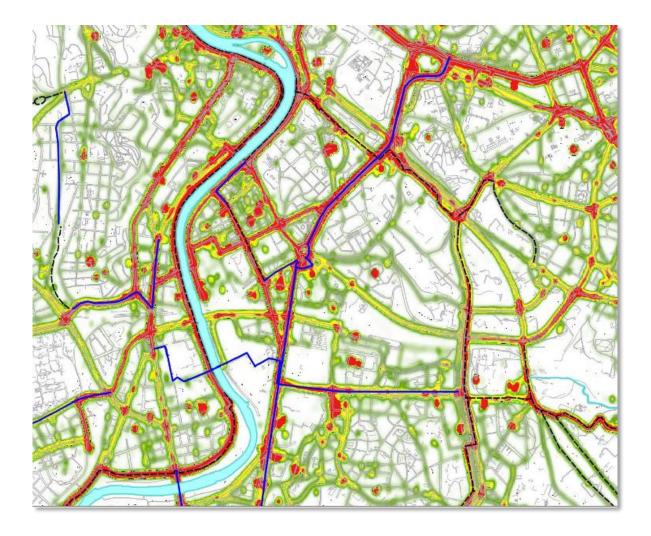






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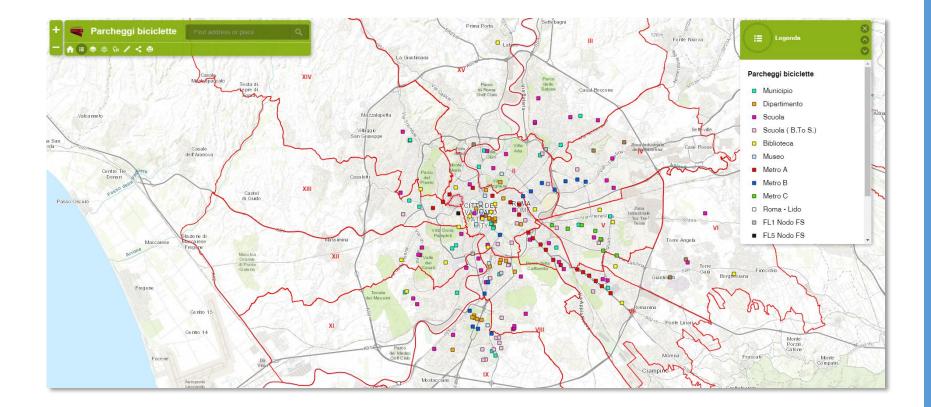
Use Case in Rome: New bike lanes project in Rome







Use Case in Rome: Locations for new 300 bike racks installation







Conclusions

Gamification - The ECC is a unique way to promote cycling, have fun and collect data about cycling.

Policy makers and urban planners - data collected have an important technical value for mobility planners, providing information on the real behaviour of cyclists in cities as an input for city and traffic planning

"Produsers" of crowdsourced data - The use cases presented in this paper, demonstrated that crowdsourced cycling data are the key of a self-benefit process in which the participants are at the same time creators and beneficiaries.

Data exploitation - Collected data can be exploited through various tools and also combined with other data from other sources

Investments – Availability of data, tools and skills are only the first step. To make a step forward, some investments are needed, otherwise all the data you can collect are useless.





Thanks for your attention





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